

# MASSILLON DAILY INDEPENDENT.

FOURTH YEAR.

MASSILLON, O., THURSDAY, APRIL 2, 1891.

PRICE TWO CENTS

## HUMBERGER'S

Carpet department is in the front basement. We wish all interested in Carpets, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Linoleum, Rugs and all kinds of floor coverings to call and see the fine selection we are showing.

Make your selections early and have your carpets made and ready when you want them; and escape the unavoidable delays when the busy season begins. We will make and lay carpets and guarantee satisfaction.

Measurements taken and estimates made on short notice.

**Humberger's,**  
DRY GOODS.

## SEE

The new stock of  
CLOAKS AT

**COLEMAN'S**

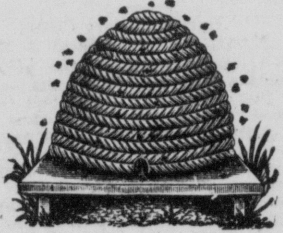
We have all grades and styles. The latest eight-day striking and alarm. Strikes half hour gong alarm, with new style key and bell.

\$4.50.

NO. 6 ERIE STREET.

you are interested this Spring in Carpets, we shall take pleasure in showing you through our large commodious and completely filled

**Bee Hive Carpet Store.**



We want you to see our new, choice patterns before deciding to buy.

In lace curtains our stock is fully up to any previous year, and the styles are the very best to be found in the market. Everything at the very lowest cash prices.

Respectfully,

**ALLMAN & PUTMAN**

## SEE GEORGE SNYDER

Before you buy your

## BOOTS AND SHOES

VISIT

**C. H. RUDOLPH'S**  
Jewelry Store

If you contemplate purchasing anything in his line,

## OLD GOLD OR SILVER

taken in exchange for new goods.

TO THE PUBLIC.

**JAN KEE**  
Formerly with Tun Kee in the Minich block and No. 1 East Tremont street, has started a first-class  
New Laundry at No. 45 East Main Street. Where he will be prepared to show to the public the finest work in his line. He has the latest improved machinery.  
New Shirts, 13c, 2 for 25c. Shirts, 10c. Collars, 7c. Ladies Collars, 2 for 5c. Cuffs, 4c.

## Intelligent People

Do not feel flattered by the methods of those who seem to think they can bully them into buying. Most people

**Know what they want**

A great deal better than the merchant knows. They know too what their means are

**And What to Pay**

For their goods without extravagance. Knowing all these things perhaps

**They do not know**

The place where they can trade to the best advantage and would be glad of a hint

**Where to go**

We can only say, we do our best by all and invite buyers, when looking around not to overlook us

**C. M. WHITMAN'S,**

ORIGINAL ONE PRICE CLOTHING, HAT AND FURNISHING GOODS

**ERHARD & SCHIMKE.**

**BREWERS AND BOTTLERS.**

**MASSILLON, O.**



**50 NEW STYLE CARRIAGES**

Finest Selection Ever Shown in the City at

**WILLAMAN'S FURNITURE**

—AND—  
**Undertaking Rooms**  
42 and 44 S. Erie St.

Select Your Spring Suit

FROM A STOCK OF

**NEW WOOLENS**

And you will be sure to get the proper thing. I am showing a very nice line of fancy silk vestings. Prices the lowest.

**LOWE, The Tailor,**

Over 27 & 29 South Erie Opera Block.

**EVERY LADY**

—OR—

**GENTLEMAN**

Who wants a stylish, well-made and easy-fitting

**SHOE**

at prices lower than ever known in this neighborhood, should visit

**Austin & McIsaacs,**

at their new store, 15 E. Main St.

**REAL ESTATE BULLETIN.**

For Sale—Residences  
Four room (double) house, two out-kitchens \$2,000  
Six roomed house, double lot, Richville Ave., \$1,500.  
Seven room house, Park street, \$2,800.

For Rent.  
Store room, Stone Block.  
Office room, Stone Block.

Business Property.  
Ninety-two feet front on Erie street, on P. Ft. W. & C. Ry., and Ohio canal. Unexcelled location for manufactory.

Vacant Lots.

One lot on West Tremont street, \$400  
One lot on South Erie street, \$600.  
Two lots on Wechter street, \$225.  
Forty-two lots in Kent Jarvis' 2d add., \$800 to \$400  
Nineteen lots in my Richville Ave. add., \$225  
One lot on South Erie street, in Julia M. Jarvis' subdivision, \$550.  
One lot on East Main street, best lot on the street, \$2,100.  
One lot just off West Tremont street, \$900.  
Six lots near the C. L. & W. and W. & L. S. railroads, \$300.  
Also have on my list many choice Western lands for sale or exchange, and many other bargains.

Easy Terms, Long Time, Low Interest

CALL AND SEE ME.

**JAS. R. DUNN,**

**MATTHEW BROS**

**HEADQUARTERS FOR GROCERIES**

—AND—  
**PROVISIONS.**

—ALL THE—

**Best Grades of Flour**

**BUTTER, EGGS and POULTRY**  
a Specialty.

All Class of Goods in their Season.

**Mill Feed and Baled Hay.**

**No. 2 - W. Tremont St.**

**FOR Best Goods and Lowest Prices GO TO**

**The Enterprise**

14 lbs. G. Sugar.....\$1 00

15 lbs A Sugar..... 1 00

16 lbs Light Brown Sugar.... 1 00

Arbuckles Coffee.....

Dannamiller coffee.....

Lion coffee.....

All Leading Brands Coffee.

5 cans best Peaches.....\$1 00

5 cans best Apricots..... 1 00

12 cans Tomatoes..... 1 00

Good Broom..... 10

Golden drip Syrup per gal.... 35

Good Tea Per Pound 25

All other goods proportionally low.

**Wm. A. PIETZCKER.**

Proprietor,

**No. 1, West Main Street.**

Massillon, Ohio.

## LAST EDITION.

**SALMAGUNDI.**

TO-DAY'S DOINGS IN THIS TOWN

Personal Notes and Brief Mention of Many Things.

THE WEATHER—For Ohio—Thursday, rain; colder.

TO-NIGHT: at the mayor's court room, meeting of the board of trade; at Bucher's, "The Fast Mail;" and the First M. E. Church, State convention of the Y. W. C. T. U.

Mr. Lee Graybill is visiting friends in Canal Dover.

The C. L. & W. pay car will be in the city to-morrow.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Pearl have returned to Chicago.

Jesse Coxey will leave this evening, for Frankfort, Ky.

Mr. and Mrs. John Ellis went to Beach City this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. W. K. L. Warwick returned from Cleveland this morning.

Mrs. A. Saybolt, of Wooster, accompanied by her son, is visiting her father, F. Hookway.

The death of Joaquin Bessler, of North Mill street, occurred Tuesday, from influenza.

The Sons of St. George will give a public dance at Music Hall on Monday, April 6th. All are invited.

Geo. McAllister is confined to his home with the grip. Jack Hose and family are down with the same complaint.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Williams, of Cleveland, are in the city, to attend the funeral of Mrs. Joseph Coleman.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Martin Spidle will take place Friday morning, at 9 o'clock, from St. Mary's church.

Richard Cole, a prosperous citizen of Hamilton, O., and one of Massillon's old time residents, is visiting friends in the city.

Mike Bar has sold the effects contained in his cigar manufactory to George Koontz, who has removed it to the Pills building.

Mr. J. D. Wetter positively declines to be a candidate for member of the board of education, on the ground that he has no time at his disposal.

The Rev. O. W. Schettler yesterday afternoon baptized Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Hug's four sons and one daughter, and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Roeman's son.

L. C. Cook and George T. Bishop, of the Clover Leaf road were in the city over night, waiting to take passage on the special train of Russell & Co., to St. Louis.

The members of the auxiliary of St. Timothy's church are requested to meet in the vestry room to-morrow, (Friday), at 2 o'clock, to prepare work for hospital use. A full attendance is requested.

Russell & Co.'s Oregon train left this morning, in the presence of all the employees. At the W. & L. E. station several hundred people stood in the rain to wave their hands at the party on board the passenger car.

After the devotional services at the regular weekly prayer meeting of the Presbyterian church, last night, the congregation re-elected the following board of trustees for the ensuing year: E. A. Jones, E. P. Edgar, C. W. Moody, Chas. E. Archer and D. T. Frank. The board afterwards elected Chas. E. Archer treasurer, and Chas. B. Heckman clerk.

Owing to the fact that the mail carrier force of the city is seriously disabled by the illness of Carriers Young, Mausz and Rink, Postmaster Shepley announces that the carriers' window will be open throughout the day, and requests that residents of West Massillon, particularly, call at the office for their mail during the remainder of this week.

Last night, after the theatre, as Bob Vantine, of Greenville, was starting for home his horse became frightened and on the west side the buggy struck a hitching post and was wrecked. The horse is under the care of Dr. Groff, Jr., and has some bad cuts requiring fourteen stitches to be taken. The occupants of the buggy escaped without injury.

The Barnett Brass Works, one of the leading industries of Mansfield, has been bought by a company with a capital stock of \$30,000. Mr. J. H. McLain, of this city, has been elected president and treasurer of the new company, but will not remove from Massillon, the active management of the business being intrusted to the other officers and stockholders.

The Massillon Electric Light Company will be ready with its electric motor circuit, now building, by April 15. The Independent Company will have the first connection, but many other firms contemplate making contracts. Until the business attains large proportions the power will be supplied during the day from Russell & Co.'s, and during the night, from the lighting station.

Harriet Rhone, through her attorney, R. H. Folger, has filed a petition in the court of common pleas at Canton asking a divorce from her husband, Ira ("Curley") Rhone. The petition charges cruelty, gross neglect of duty and habitual drunkenness for three years past, that recently he struck her with his fist, and that she has suffered for food and clothing for three years. She asks for reasonable alimony.

Another brilliant affair was the fifth of the series of six dances given by the Gradatim dancing club, in the I. O. O. F. hall, last evening. Even the prevailing epidemic which so cruelly seized a number of the members failed to dampen the

ardor of the evening. Everything was in harmony and the occasion was one long to be remembered by those present. Schworm's orchestra and the ever faithful Mr. Holcomb were on hand. The guests of the evening were Miss Della Millhoff and Miss Goelsley, of Can o.

**THE SPRING ELECTION.**

**Solicitor Young Makes an Authoritative Statement.**

At the coming spring election there will be three questions submitted to the electors of the city, and the ballots will have printed thereon the words required by the laws, with the words "yes" or "no" opposite each proposition.

Electors who desire to vote on any one or all of these questions must draw a line across either the word yes or no, leaving the proposition or propositions on his ballot stand in the way he wishes to vote.

If any elector does not erase one of the words yes or no he does not then vote either way and his vote will not be counted as having voted thereon, for the laws provide that authority shall not be granted to the city unless the questions shall have a three-fifths vote in favor of the respective propositions of those who vote on the respective questions thus submitted.

Every elector can vote on any one or all of the questions.

This statement is made at the request of citizens, to aid the electors and judges of election to fully understand the same.

Resp'y, O. E. Young, Solicitor.

April 2, 1891.

**DO YOU EXPECT TO MOVE?**

If So, Cut Out This Blank and Fill the Space.

Those who intend to move will do THE INDEPENDENT a favor by filling the blank below, and sending it to this office. It will be of great assistance in re-arranging carriers' routes.

will move from  
No. .... street,  
to No. .... street,  
on or about.....

**Will Meet Friday.**

The Republicans met last night and appointed R. A. Pinn a committee of one, to see Solicitor Young, and ask him to prepare a statement for publication, explaining to all voters the exact status of the bond bills, with a view of informing the uninformed how to prepare their ballots correctly. It was also decided to hold another meeting Friday night.

**The Case Dismissed**

The case against Barnhart Keipinger and his sons, Jacob and Mathias Keipinger, charged with assault with intent to kill Mrs. Keipinger, the stepmother of the boys, was dismissed in Justice Folger's court late last evening for lack of sufficient evidence to sustain the charge.

**Board of Trade Meeting**

The regular monthly meeting of the Massillon board of trade will be held in the mayor's court room on Thursday evening, April 2, at 7:30 o'clock. A full attendance of members is requested.

A. HOWELL, PRES.

E. A. JONES, SEC.

**Will Be Open Saturday.**

J. W. Foltz of Hookway & Foltz is in Cleveland, and will be ready to place on inspection, Saturday, April 4, the first lot of clothing for men, youth, boys and children; spring overcoats, hats, caps, furnishing goods, in fact everything that is kept in a first class tailoring, clothing and furnishing store. We always wear, and always will be second to none. Prices rock bottom. We will be glad to have you come in and examine our goods and prices, as we are in it.

HOOKWAY & FOLTZ,  
22 East Main street.

**Daughters of Rebekah.**

Abbie Lodge No. 10, Daughters of Rebekah, will have a special meeting Friday evening, at 7 o'clock, in I. O. O. F. hall. Business of special importance must be transacted. By order of NOBLE GRAND.

**Masonic Notice.**

Massillon Commandery No. 4, Knights Templar, will meet in special conclave on Thursday evening, April 2nd, at 7:30 o'clock, to confer the Order of the Temple. A full attendance is desired.

Wm. J. MILLARD, E. C.

The Perfection Tufting and Embroidering Machine for making tufted embroidery, rugs and tapestries, a wonderful little machine, that can be operated by any one without instruction. Beautiful work can be done at home that was not thought possible before. This machine and samples of its work can be seen at John Buckheimer's, No. 130 South Summit avenue.

One of the brightest pages in Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper this week is the foreign page, with nine pictures of striking scenes in the British House of Commons. The first page will please the ladies. Frank Leslie is printed in both German and English. Get it for Sunday reading for ten cents. The Independent Company.

Masks, wigs, gold braid, paper and all the necessary paraphernalia of a successful masquerade, at Bahney, Spalding & Co.'s, successors to the retail department of the Independent Company.

I have on exhibition for this week my first invoice of Haviland, white and decorated china, at 41 South Erie street.

JONAS LUTZ.

Granulated sugar will be sold for 5 cents per pound on and after April 1, at W. A. Pietzcker's grocery.

## RIOTING AT MOREWOOD.

**A BLOODY BATTLE BETWEEN THE OFFICERS AND STRIKERS.**

Reports Differ as to the Number Killed But Certainly Not Less Than Seven—Many Others Wounded—Further Trouble is Feared.

Special Dispatch to The Independent.

PITTSBURG, April 2.—A mob of nearly 500 strikers left the Standard coke works early this morning for Morewood, after destroying telegraph and telephone lines, intending a surprise, and the destruction of the works. The lines were repaired, and word sent to Morewood that an attack would be made in three places.

Seventy-five armed deputy sheriffs were sent to battle. The rioters broke the windows in the company store, and marched to the stable gates, which they broke down. Captain Lauer, commanding seven deputies, commanded a halt. The reply was a volley from the strikers. Captain Lauer then commanded his deputies to fire. Two volleys were exchanged, seven strikers being killed and many wounded.

Late dispatches from Pittsburg state that the strikers are concentrating at Coalbrook. It is rumored that they threaten to blow up the mines with dynamite.

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.**

GREENSBURG, Pa., April 2.—It is ascertained that eleven men were killed at Morewood, and fifty-one wounded. The governor has been asked to send troops. There is tremendous excitement throughout the coke region, and more bloodshed seems inevitable.

**TWO ATTACKS MADE TO-DAY.**

PITTSBURG, April 2, 2 p. m.—The first attack of the strikers on the coke works at Morewood was made at 3 o'clock this morning. The mob fled at the second volley, but returned to the attack at 9 o'clock. They retreated leaving three killed and many wounded. Total losses: Eighteen killed and forty wounded. Governor Pattison has ordered the Tenth Regiment to Morewood and the Eighteenth Regiment under arms.

**DEMANDING THEIR DEAD.**

SCOTTSDALE, Pa., April 2.—Strikers to the number of 2,500 surround the building in which the dead bodies lie, and threaten to burn the building if the bodies are not surrendered.

**THE MILITIA ORDERED OUT.**

PITTSBURG, April 2.—The Fourteenth regiment has been ordered out by the governor to reinforce the sheriff at Greensburg.

**Telegraph Ticks.**

General Booth is seriously ill at London.

A severe earthquake shook Quebec and interior Canada last night.

The London morning papers all say that the chances for war between the United States and Italy have greatly increased.

The following postmasters were appointed to day: Albert B. Smith, Bellevue, O.; John L. Wolfley, Delaware, O.

**A Lost Treaty Turns Up.**

Special Dispatch to The Independent.  
WASHINGTON, April 2.—A forgotten treaty with Italy has just been discovered, which guarantees Italians protection of life and property for six months after arrival in this country and for one year after war has been declared.

**AMUS-MENTS.**

**The Two Johns.**

The "Two Johns" were greeted by an unusually large audience at Bucher's last night. It is a favorite musical comedy with Massillon theater-goers, the special features were excellent, and the company as a whole is first class except that the two Johns are very weak in their parts when compared with "Fatty" Stewart and John Hart. Mr. Stewart is ill at Wooster, and his place in the cast was taken by an understudy.

**"Struck Gas" Coming.**

"Hold your buttons," says the advance man of "Struck Gas," "tighten your laughing belt and be prepared to see that laugh-creating farce comedy 'Struck Gas' at the opera house, Saturday, April 4. You will enjoy an evening of pure and delightful comedy."

**"The Fast Mail," This Evening.**  
The popularity of Pope's was put to extreme test yesterday afternoon. The thermometer registered 94 in the shade, and yet a top-heavy house took enough interest in "The Fast Mail" to defy the weather and enjoy the play.—St. Louis Globe Democrat.

**Attention, Republicans!**

There will be a Republican meeting in the Republican hall on Friday evening. Come everybody.

The Wadsworth Normal College has added a full business course to its curriculum. Bookkeeping, banking, penmanship, shorthand and typewriting, all by professional teachers. Cheaper than any other college. We mean business. Term opens April 7. Send for catalogue.

J. B. EBERLY,  
A. M. Prin.

For all forms of nasal catarrh where there is dryness in the air passages with what is commonly called "stiffening," especially when going to bed, Ely's Cream Balm gives immediate relief. Its benefit to me has been priceless.—A. G. Case, M. D., Millwood, Kas.

Best granulated sugar 5 cents per pound at Albright & Co.'s.

Tiddledly winks at Baltzly's.

**Suspenders for Big & Little Men.**

From 10 Cts. to \$2.00.

See our display of Bretelles Hygieniques Guyot Brace and Wire Buckle Suspenders. Ladies' and Children's fancy Yacht Caps.

**SPANGLER, & CO. HATTERS**

And Men's Furnishers, No. 4 East Main St.



## MASSILLON INDEPENDENT

[WEEKLY ESTABLISHED IN 1863.]

[DAILY ESTABLISHED 1887.]

PUBLISHED BY

Independent Company.

Independent Building.

No. 20 E. Main Street

MASSILLON, OHIO.

## BRANCH OFFICES

For receipt of want advertisements and other communications.

Wayner Hotel, corner Erie and Railroad street

E. C. Hering, corner Duncan and Tremont.

M. Huth, corner North and High.

C. Witt, Short East street.

Wagner &amp; Rauber, Charles street.

## TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY.

One Year.....\$5.00

Six Months.....2.50

Three Months.....1.25

WEEKLY.

One Year.....\$1.00

Six Months......75

Three Months......50

The Independent's Telephone No. 43

THURSDAY, APRIL 2, 1891.

## This Date in History—April 2.

368—St. Theodora of Caesarea martyred.

1743—Thomas Jefferson born.

1864—Battle of Antietam, Arkansas.

1865—Richard Cobden, often called the "friend of America," died; he crossed the channel in an open boat in storm to carry a message from English statesmen dissuading Louis Napoleon from recognizing the Confederate States of America; he is now better known as the eminent free trader; born June 3, 1804.

1873—Death of Professor S. F. B. Morse, inventor of electric telegraph, aged 81; the first dispatch sent from the supreme court chamber in the Capitol at Washington by Miss Annie Elsworth, daughter of the commissioner of patents, to Baltimore, "What God hath wrought," original preserved by the Historical society, Hartford, Conn.

1885—Death of Franz Abt, musician, author of "When the Swallows Homeward Fly."

1888—Horrible murder and mutilation in White-chapel, London; the first of many terrible and shocking crimes with no adequate motive, the victims being poor and dissolute women.



The special Kussell train started off

this morning for Portland, Oregon,

in the presence of the 600 men who

helped to make the machinery it

contained, and the big whistle gave

it a sonorous good-bye. It was a

great sight. There is a good deal of

poetry in steam, and wheels and red

paint, after all, when properly com-

bined.

Local grocers report having sold

immense quantities of the cheap su-

gar, yesterday. Many families had

delayed purchasing sugar for weeks,

in order to get the benefit of the re-

duced prices. The free trade or-

gans have little to say on the sugar

question, and that little is to advance

the specious and time-worn plea

that if free sugar makes cheap sugar,

then free everything ought to make

cheap everything. The fallacy is

apparent to people of sense.

A contract is about to be let in

Wooster for 13,000 square yards of

brick paving, at \$1.58 per yard, com-

plete, Massillon brick specified.

The specifications require that the

street be "excavated a depth of about

one foot, in which is to be laid six

inches of stone foundation, on this

four and a half inches of gravel and

on that two inches of sand, and the

street laid with fire brick cemen-

ted with coal tar and sand, and

also dressed curb stone along line of

pavement."

The Independent will publish,

simultaneously with a syndicate of

the largest city papers, ten articles

by ten of the most conspicuous liv-

ing authors. The exact date of the

first installment will be made known

later. Among the contributors will

be Frank R. Stockton, Kirk Munroe,

Jules Verne, Edgar Fawcett, Guy

de Maupassant, Sydney Lusk, Rob-

ert G. Ingersoll, and possibly H.

Rider Haggard. Each of the writers

mentioned is to write as improbable

a narrative as he can devise, but one

which might be an occurrence in real

life. That is why it has been named

the "Possible Cases" series.

## A Sincere to Humanity.

This is what N. H. Andrews, a promi-

nent citizen of Springfield, O., says: "It

affords me great pleasure to assure my

friends that I have received both im-

mediate and permanent relief of throat,

bronchial and asthmatic trouble in the

use of Dr. Acker's English Remedy. It

is certainly a good honest medicine and

a blessing to humanity." The above

preparation we sell on a positive guar-

antee; it has given better satisfaction

than any other remedy we have ever

sold. J. M. Schuckers, and E. S. Craig

druggist, Massillon, O.

## Now is the Time

When a good medicine should be taken

to cleanse the system of impurities. Be-

fore consulting a physician or purchasing

a higher priced blood purifier ask Mor-

ganthal &amp; Heister for a bottle of Scotch

Sarsaparilla and try it. 50 cents per bot-

tle, 60 doses. Scotch Little Liver Pills

25 cents.

## Is Still Raging.

The steady demand for tiddledy-winks

demonstrates better than anything we

could say the hold this enticing game

has on the community. New kinds at

various prices. Bahney, Spalding &amp; Co.,

successors to the retail department of the

Independent Company.

## THE 'Y'S' IN SESSION.

HOW THEY HAVE GROWN.

WHAT THEY HAVE DONE.

Proceedings of the Second Annual Conference, Now Being Held—Synopsis of the Addresses—Work Progressing Rapidly and Smoothly.

An effective organization doing effective work may be seen in session in the First M. E. church. It is the second annual conference of the Young Women's Christian Temperance Union of North-western Ohio, represented by delegates who not only understand exactly what they are here for, but have brought with them a wonderful lot of vigor, intelligence, and good looks, too. Flowers here and there, a silken banner, plenty of music and order, all tell that this is a woman's convention.

## THE DAY'S PROCEEDINGS

The opening session was called to order at 3 p. m. Wednesday. Devotional exercises were conducted by Miss Nan E. Wiseman, president of the Massillon "Y's," and Miss Ella Holm, of Canton, was appointed secretary.

Committees were appointed as follows: On credentials—Miss Linnie Rittersbach, of Canton, and Miss Hine, of Akron; resolutions—Mrs. Carey, of Millersburg, Miss Flood, of East Cleveland, and Miss Barnaby, of Salem; courtesies—Miss May Bowman and Miss Nan Wiseman.

The crusade rallying song was sung by the convention, after which Miss Jessica Morgan, state superintendent of the "Y's" work, presented a comprehensive address on the history, methods, and aims of the Y. W. C. T. U., beginning with its inception, of which the following is a digest:

## THE WORK OF THE 'Y'S'

You all know the story of the initial crusade movement, of which Mrs. Judge Thompson, of Hillsboro, O., has the honor of being leader, but some have not given the prominence, due to Mrs. Thompson's 3-year-old daughter, who, by opening her bible at the 146th psalm, made indecision vanish from "mother" Thompson's mind. Cleveland and Newark were the first to establish young ladies' societies, known as "The Young Ladies' League." In 1876 the first Y. W. C. T. U. was organized at Amboy, Ill.

Two weeks before Christmas, 1878, three unions were organized in Chicago. These societies were the direct result of Miss Willard's addresses to young women soon after her initiation into the Chicago work. During the national convention of the Y. W. C. T. U., held in 1879, the Y. W. C. T. U. was formally organized.

From time to time societies were planted in our own state, but the first permanent organization was the one at Oberlin, in 1885. Miss Jessie Morgan, a member of this society, was this same year made state superintendent.

In 1888 twelve Y. W. C. T. U. unions were organized, among them Canton, always the banner Y in point of numbers, until a dangerous rival appeared in Toledo and for one year carried off the honors. This year, with a membership of 100, Canton regained the lost banner.

In the year of '88 fifty-six Y. W. C. T. U. unions were added, and Ohio took her place beside Massachusetts as the fourth state in young women's work, Pennsylvania, Illinois and New York standing at the head. But Ohio two years ago, not willing to share her laurels even with the old Bay State, became the successful rival of Illinois and New York, and now, in point of numbers, is only second to her nearest neighbor, Pennsylvania, which with 400 Y. W. C. T. U. unions holds the national banner.

With the new unions already added this year we now number nearly 100, with a membership of about 3,000 young ladies and 1,000 honoraries. It is obvious that we have not yet attained to the ideal state, when for every active member we shall enroll an honorary. When the call "Go work to-day in my vineyard," comes alike to our young men and young women. "Hearken, O daughter and consider and incline thine ear." "I write unto you young men, because you are strong." "We then who are strong ought to bear the infirmities of the weak, and not to please ourselves."

Young woman's work differs radically from any other form of temperance work. It is a distinctive work—a sort of speciality in temperance endeavor, but implies an acquaintance not only with itself, but with the fundamental W. C. T. U. objects and methods.

Our activities—our reachings out, have only been in a few directions. The following summary is suggestive: evangelistic work, flower mission, Sunday school work, kindergarten, reading rooms, cooking schools, press, juvenile, physical culture and the distribution of literature are departments successfully carried on by our young women.

The work of the Y's is formative rather than reformatory; their field, the social and educational world. Their mission is two-fold: To win the society girls to total abstinence, and to extend a helping hand to their sisters who are less favored than themselves.

A solo was pleasingly sung by Miss Julia Ditto, of Cleveland, and was followed by Miss Emma Goodwill, of Canton, state treasurer of the W. C. T. U., who presented an "object lesson," the purpose of which was to teach how to organize and conduct an organization, in which many practical, helpful suggestions were given.

Mrs. Frances W. Leiter was introduced and expressed in fitting words her pleasure at being present and her desire to be of service.

At this stage of the meeting, the Rev. Mr. Davidson, pastor of the U. B. church, was presented to the convention and expressed kindly sympathy in the work and bade God speed in it.

In the absence of Miss Robbins, whose name had a place on the programme, her admirable paper on "Improved Dress" was well read by Miss Pollock, who had just arrived. It was replete with happy suggestions on healthful, artistic dress, the utility of the former, the pleasing effect of the latter, and the intimate relation between them. The following is from this paper:

## WHAT CONSTITUTES DRESS REFORM.

Probably few, if any of you, need any introduction to the dress which is the pioneer in this new reform, for it has been ably presented by its author, Mrs. Annie Jones Miller, in most of our cities, and widely circulated through her magazine, Dress, Corset and Undergarments have been cashed and feminine undergarments reduced to three. The union suit is the first gar-

ment worn, and combines in one piece the ordinary underwear. It fits the body perfectly, obviating the doubling up of garments about the waist, and allowing the waist its natural curve. The second garment is the chemilette, which supercedes the corset cover and drawers. It has the same advantages as the union suit, both these garments distributing the weight equally to the shoulders and waist. The Turkish leglettes, or divided petticoat, is Mrs. Miller's substitute for the ordinary skirt. In it, one gets the minimum of weight with the maximum of warmth, while its other advantages are legion. There is no more clinging of skirts to struggling limbs, no more halts to movement, and no more falling over petticoats going up stairs. Each member becomes an individual and can do as it pleases, and, last but not least, so arrayed, a woman can climb a fence gracefully—if that feat can ever be done gracefully. As to dress, Mrs. Miller advocates the Princess form, upon which any style or any material can be charmingly arrayed. Such dress as we have described is comfortably healthful and beautiful, and its adoption would tell for good upon our young women, and descend in blessings untold upon the coming generations.

Remarks bearing upon this subject followed by Miss Morgan and Mrs. Leiter. Announcements for the sessions to follow were made. "The Y's are Marching On" was sung and the conference adjourned to luncheon and reception down stairs.

This was a very delightful affair, in a substantial sense and socially. Quite a number of guests of the "Y's" were present by invitation and all had an opportunity to meet Mrs. Leiter, personally.

## THE EVENING SESSION.

The evening meeting opened with the song especially popular with the organization, "Battle Song of the Y's," Miss Anna Pollock, of Newark, singing the solo and the "Y's" the chorus.

Devotional exercises were conducted by Miss Bowman, of Massillon. Miss Ditto, of East Cleveland, rendered a solo in a very acceptable manner. Words of greeting in behalf of the Massillon "Y's" were spoken most graciously by Mrs. Sylvia Kinne, and were responded to by Miss Grace McIntyre, of Cleveland, in a manner equally felicitous. A violin solo was rendered by Harold Howald, whose skill met with many compliments.

Miss Anna M. Pollock was introduced and read in a distinct, forcible manner an excellent address on "Talents," on their diversity, their adaptation, their value, and the obligations they bring to the possessor, of the influence each exerts whether possessing many or few, and of the sin of hurrying them. She spoke of the work the Y. W. C. T. U. is doing in developing the talents of the young women of our land, of many other truths bearing upon her subject, and closed by saying, "Our responsibility is measured by our ability."

A solo rendered in his usual effective way was sung by Mr. Samuel Johns. A recitation, "Jim's Dark Days," was pathetically given by Miss Hattie Canfield, of Akron.

The closing address of the evening was given by Miss Jeanette L. Olmstead, of Deshler, state superintendent of the department of social purity. She made her plea in behalf of the important work of her department in a manner so forcible, so romantic, so eloquent and so earnest, that a brief report is quite inadequate to reproduce it. Her theme so beautifully spoken, on the subject, "Purity, Modesty, Strength, Tenacity."

A bright little collection speech was made by Miss Emily Rittersbach, of Canton. The evening offering was taken. A quartette "Speed Away" was finely rendered by the Messrs. Johns and Mitchell, of Massillon, and the very successful meeting of the evening closed with the benediction by the pastor, the Rev. A. R. Chapman.

## THURSDAY MORNING.

The morning devotions were conducted by Miss Pollock. The following unions gave cheering reports: Painesville, Salem, Martin's Ferry, Twinsburg, Utica, Newark, Stenbenville, Millersburg, E. Cleveland, E. Liverpool, Atwater, Hazelton, Akron, Massillon and Canton. The departments of work pursued by them are the following: literature, flower mission, Sabbath observance, industrial, charity, hygiene, scientific, temperance in schools, parlor meetings, loyal legion, reading room work, and other departments of like importance.

Noontide prayer was offered by Miss Holen and meeting adjourned to 2 p. m.

## ECHOES FROM THE SHOPS.

Note and Comment on Men and Doings at Russell Co.'s.

C. H. Wilcox is on a business trip to Wheeling, for Russell & Co.

E. S. Mills has returned from Barnesville, much improved in health.

For the information of those readers of the Echoes who may be interested in the result of the spring elections, Col. Fred Forster was requested to state who he thought would be elected. The colonel, tussling the shells of half a dozen eggs under his finger, straightened himself up, looked in the glass which he keeps conveniently tacked up on his cupboard, gave an extra twist to his mustache, pulled down his vest and said, that if the confluence of opinion precipitated by the indiscriminate profusion of the multifarious circumlocution of the indescribable attitudinizations of diversified incongruities, resultant from the fecundity of the promulgations of the inextinguishable, disseminated by the dictatorial deductions of the constituencies, taken in its relation to the lugubrious rimidity of the irrepressible, is any criterion, there can be nothing indiscreet in the conclusion that the result will be easy to predict on the evening of the election. This opinion, rendered by a leader who always has his ear to the wires will be invaluable to those who accept the colonel as authority. Judge O. E. Young was also interviewed, and endorsed the views of Mr. Forster, by expressing himself practically the same, with the exception that he believed Mart Schafer would in all probability be elected.

## THROUGH TO THE PACIFIC.

It was a splendid picture of industrial prosperity that greeted me and women who, in spite of the threatening weather, came forth to see the long train of thirty cars loaded with costly machinery, consisting of beautifully finished automatic and farm engines, saw mills, automatic stackers, threshing machines, etc., taking its departure for the long ride across many states to the fields of the West. Everybody at the works was in a fever of excitement from the moment, let this magnificent exhibit of the enterprise

of Massillon manufacturers and the skill of Massillon engineers and mechanics should steam out of the yards while the men who helped to construct them were busy at work, for it is but natural that every man whose handiwork is represented in the bright and handsome machinery which will be viewed by thousands all along the route takes a pardonable pride in wishing the great train with its occupants bon voyage. The engine was unable to back the first half of the train up to the rear cars, hence they were compelled to pull up the W. & L. E. track and allow the rear cars to run down out of the yard. All then thought the train had gone and there was disappointment on every face. But Assistant Superintendent Heggen gave out the word that the train would back out to the yard and the shop whistle would commence when it was ready to start, so that all could see it. And when the whistle blew and the men crowded out by the hundreds there were more in their faces than words can tell. As the two engines steamed out with all on board, and those on the platform of the coach at the rear waved their adieu to the members of the firm standing by with all the employees, everybody wished them a safe and pleasant journey.

## THE MARKETS.

## New York Money Market.

New York, April 2.

Money closed at 2 per cent, the lowest rate; highest, 3 1/2 per cent.

Exchange steady; posted rates, \$4.80-4.81; actual rates, \$4.80-4.81 for sixty days and \$4.80-4.81 for demand.

Government bonds steady; currency 6's, 1.10 bid; 4's coupon, 1.25 bid; 4's, 1.02.

Pacific railroad bonds closed as follows: Union firsts, 1.13; sinking funds, 1.08; Centrals, 1.10 1/2.

## New York Produce Market.

New York, April 2.

FLOUR—Closed quiet but steady; fine grades of spring, \$3.25-3.40; do winter, \$2.90-3.10; superfine spring, \$3.20-3.40; do winter, \$2.90-3.10; extra No. 2 spring, \$3.00-3.40; do winter, \$2.70-3.00; 4's extra No. 1 spring, \$4.00-4.25; do winter, \$3.75-4.00; city mill extras, \$5.50-5.75 for West Indies; southern flour closed quiet, but firm; trade and family extra, \$4.15-4.25.

BUTTER—Weak; western creamery, 20c-22c; eastern creamery 20c-22c.

CHEESE—Firm; factory New York cheddar, 12c-12 1/2c; western ditto, 11c-11 1/2c.

EGGS—Steady; fresh eastern firsts, 20c-21c; western firsts, 20c.

SUGAR—Raw firm; 3c for 96 deg. test centrifugal, 3c for fair refining refined firm and fairly active; cut loaf, 5c; crushed, 5c; powdered, 4c; granulated, 4c; cubes, 4c.

COFFEE—Spot lots steady; fair Rio, 20c; futures closed steady.

## The Massillon Market.

Farmers are receiving the following prices to-day, April 2.

|                  |      |
|------------------|------|
| Wheat, per bu.   | 1.03 |
| Oats "           | 50   |
| Corn "           | 70   |
| Potatoes per bu. | 1.20 |
| Butter per lb.   | 24   |
| Eggs per doz.    | 15   |

Here it is, and it fills the bill much better than anything we could say: "It gives me the greatest pleasure to write you in regard to Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. During the past winter I have sold more of it than any other kind, and have yet to find any one but what was benefited by taking it. I have never had any medicine in my store that gave such universal satisfaction." J. M. Roney, druggist, Geuda Springs, Kan. 50 cent bottles for sale by Morganthal & Heister.

50 cents per bottle, 50 doses, is the best blood purifier pleasant to take and thorough in its action. For sale by Morganthal & Heister.

Notice.

Of Election of Members of the Board of Education.

The qualified electors in Massillon Union School District are hereby notified to meet on the first Monday in April, at the usual voting places, in the several wards and precincts, of said district, and choose two persons to serve as members of the Board of Education, each for a term of three years, and until their successors are elected and qualified.

By order of the Board of Education.

W. B. HUMBERGER, Sec'y.

## LEGAL NOTICE

OFFICE OF CITY CLERK.

MASSILLON, O., March 25, 1891.

Notice is hereby given that at the general municipal election to be held in the city of Massillon on the first Monday in April, 1891, there will be submitted to the qualified electors of said city, the question whether the council shall have authority to borrow the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars and issue bonds therefor, to bear interest not exceeding six per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, and payable within ten years, in accordance with the act of the general assembly of Ohio, passed February 26th, 1891, for the purpose of paving and improving streets.

The tickets at said election shall have written or printed thereon the words, "Issuing of bonds for paving and improving streets, yes-no."

By order of the city council of Massillon.

H. W. LOEFFLER, City Clerk.

Dated March 10, 1890.

## Notice.

Notice is hereby given that at the general municipal election to be held in the city of Massillon on the first Monday in April, 1891, there will be submitted to the qualified electors of said city, the question whether said council shall have authority to borrow the sum of fifty thousand dollars and issue bonds of said city, to bear interest not exceeding six per cent and payable in not less than two nor more than twenty years in semi-annual series, for the purpose of general improvement of said city and the best interest of said city.

The tickets of said election shall have written or printed thereon the words "Authority to issue bonds for general improvement of city, yes-no."

By order of the city council of Massillon.

H. W. LOEFFLER, City Clerk.

Dated March 10, 1890.

## FOR SALE!

The Fine Clydesdale Stallion,

LORD ADVOCATE JR.

Is a bright bay, weighing 1800 pounds; an extra stock horse; sure footed, kind in single harness, good disposition. Pedigree—sired by Lord Advocate, imported by Powell Bros.; Dam by Washington Beales Imported horse, familiarly known as Old Tom. Can be seen at Massillon Driving Park, 1 mile east of Massillon.

P. G. ALBRIGHT.

Price, 25, 50 and 75 cents.

## An Item for Men.

A one week's sale, if the lots last, of 100 pairs of Men's

Fine Shoes, at

\$3.00 FOR CHOICE.

They sell regularly for \$3.75, \$4 and \$4.50.

Among which I will mention a lot of fine Dongola Kid, Hand Turn Button Shoes, which will go at \$2.50. They sell regular y at from \$3.25 to \$4.00. These prices are positively the lowest ever placed on Similar goods. Come, see, buy today.

H. H. PILLE

Remember, Sippo Valley Flour

Retails at \$1.35 per 1/4 Sack.

Ladies: I have some bargains for you

among which I will mention a lot of fine Dongola Kid, Hand Turn Button Shoes, which will go at \$2.50. They sell regular y at from \$3.25 to \$4.00. These prices are positively the lowest ever placed on Similar goods. Come, see, buy today.

H. H. PILLE







## TOM REED IN EUROPE.

THE EX-SPEAKER'S INTERESTING INQUIRY IN THE OLD WORLD.

He Goes to Study Foreign Legislatures, but Harry Smith, the Parliamentary Expert at Washington, Could Tell Him Much That He Wants to Know.

(Special Correspondence.)

WASHINGTON, April 2.—Ex-Speaker Reed has gone to Europe, it is said, to make a study of the various legislative bodies of the Old World. His inquiry will no doubt prove interesting and profitable, but it is not certain that Mr. Reed will be able to learn more of foreign legislatures by a journey to Europe than he could by sitting down to talk with Mr. Henry H. Smith, journal clerk of our own house of representatives. Mr. Smith is the most noted and perhaps the most able legislative expert in this country. Nominally, his duty is to keep the journal of the house, a very exacting and important duty, since upon his accuracy and fidelity the legality of laws and interests almost beyond estimate in importance may often depend.

In practice Mr. Smith keeps an eye upon everything and everybody. He knows about all there is to know. One minute a new member inquires of him the proper form of drafting a bill or resolution, the next minute the speaker himself asks to be helped out of a parliamentary tangle. Mr. Smith is the recognized authority in Washington on parliamentary law, practice and precedent and legislative usage. He is one of those experts who hold their places from administration to administration simply because they are indispensable. For nearly twenty years he has stood at his post, just in front of the speaker, jotting down the action of the house on matters of little or great importance.

An easy and swift worker, he appears to be careless, but no one knows better than he the need of accuracy and caution, for his record is the only record of the proceedings of the house that stands in law. He prompts the reading clerk, gives suggestions to the bill clerk, and a dozen times or more in a day is called upon by the speaker for information or suggestion. A speaker would as soon think of running the house without a gavel as without Harry Smith. It is safe to say that no important parliamentary decision has been made in the house during the last fifteen years without consultation with him. Physically and intellectually he has been "the right hand man" of such speakers as Randall, Carlisle and Reed. Parties and speakers and leaders have come and gone, but Harry Smith, apparently, goes on forever, the trusted counselor and helper of all.

Probably there is no other man in this country so familiar with parliamentary and legislative matters in Europe and America as this noted expert. The record of our house of representatives from the days of the Revolution to the present time is to him an open book. Recently he has made a study of the legislative bodies of Europe for his volume on the parliamentary history of America, which congress has purchased for \$10,000, but which has not yet been published.

In Mr. Smith's opinion the English parliament is the greatest and most interesting legislative body in the world after the American congress. There is not much resemblance between the popular legislative branches of the two great English speaking nations. Our house and senate meet never later than noon, and often as early as ten in the morning. The English house of commons meets at four in the afternoon, and the house of lords generally at five. English legislators do not work amid the comforts and luxuries with which our statesmen are surrounded. They sit in hard benches, and have neither desks to write on nor easy couches to recline upon. Some day, perhaps, when the country has grown to twice its present population, our legislators will have to give up their desks, but their revolving easy chairs, their luxurious sofas, their cuspidors—never!

The American who goes to parliament house is surprised to see the commons and lords sitting with their hats on. The hat worn is invariably the "stovepipe" or "plug." An English M. P. in anything but a high hat would create a greater sensation than the appearance of Jerry Simpson's feet, stockings, upon the top of his desk in the next house. Our English friends have some very queer customs handed down to them through the ages, and it will be worth while to read ex-Speaker Reed's comments thereon. For instance, when a member comes into parliament he carries his hat in his hand, but on sitting down he puts it upon his head.

If a member wishes to speak he takes off his hat and holds it in his hand; if he wants to make a long speech he puts his hat on the bench, though he does not remove it till he has been recognized by the speaker. But if he wishes simply to make a motion or ask a question he keeps his hat on his head. It was jokingly said of Mr. Reed last winter that he counted members present if their hats were hanging in the coat room; in London the ex-speaker will be able to see the hat playing an even more important part in legislation. A hall full of solemn men sitting close together and all wearing tall hats makes a novel scene to American eyes, but suppose the prime minister rises and says he has a communication to make from her majesty the queen—off goes every hat in twinkling at the mention of royalty.

Mr. Reed will be interested when the members of the British ministry walk into commons and sit upon a bench which runs at right angles to the benches occupied by the members. The ministers do not wear hats, and they look about as uncomfortable as a lot of freshmen called up for a lecture from the professor. It is this system which the late George H. Pendleton wanted introduced to this country, and perhaps Mr. Reed will come home in favor of the proposed innovation.

The English parliament has no committees in the sense that we have.

There the committee is special, a makeshift for certain purposes, such as an investigation. Here it controls legislation. In England bills originate in the executive departments. We have a thousand bills to their one, and a hundred times as much legislation. Bills are not introduced in the British parliament for effect, for "buncombe," as thousands of bills are with us every year. The house of commons consists of 670 members, distributed as follows: England and Wales, 495; Ireland, 103; Scotland, 72. A quorum consists of forty members.

The French parliament has two houses, the chamber of deputies and the senate. The former consists of 576 members and the latter of 300. Whenever the president of the republic wishes to do so he may, with the consent of the senate, dissolve the chamber of deputies and order a new election. He may adjourn them for any time not exceeding a month, but he cannot exercise this power more than twice in the same session. The deputies are elected by ballot of the electors of the republic; a successful candidate must have, as in Rhode Island, a majority of all the votes cast, and this number must be equal to one-fourth of the electors on the roll. The French hold their general elections on Sunday.

An odd custom of theirs is, in case of a tie vote between two candidates, to give the election to the elder. The senators are elected by a sort of electoral college, composed of the deputies representing that department or province, members of the general council, councillors of the arrondissement and delegates chosen by municipal council. This is very much like giving into the hands of the representatives from Illinois, the members of the legislature and delegates selected by the city councils or boards of aldermen the election of a United States senator—a queer method, surely. Senators are elected for nine years, though there are still some life senators. In France they have committees, as we do, and their public sessions usually begin at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Their debates are often bitter and personal, and if the ex-speaker happens upon a particularly lively session he will no doubt be reminded of some of his own experiences at home. French legislators draw annual salaries of 9,000 francs, or about \$1,600.

The German parliament is a somewhat complicated institution. It has two houses—the bundesrath, or federal council, and the reichstag, or diet, of the realm. In the former are represented the individual states of Germany, twenty-six in number, consisting of four kingdoms, six grand duchies, five duchies, seven principalities, the three free towns of Hamburg, Lubeck and Bremen and the province of Alsace-Lorraine. Each of these states has a parliament of its own, as has each of our states. The fifty-eight members of the bundesrath, which is presided over by the federal chancellor (formerly Bismarck), are appointed by the governments of the states; the 397 members of the reichstag are elected for terms of three years by popular ballot. Deputies have no salary, but during the session they have the right of traveling free on the government railways. The federal council usually meets two or three months before the deputies.

In Austria-Hungary the governmental conditions are a little peculiar. Austria has one parliament and Hungary another, each consisting of two chambers. The sovereign, the army, navy and diplomatic service are common to both. In addition to these two legislatures there is another, known as the delegations, consisting of 120 members, who are also members of the other parliaments. The Austrian parliament sends sixty of its members to the delegations—forty from the lower house and twenty from the upper—and the Hungarian parliament does precisely the same thing. The legislation of the two parliaments is purely local in each case. The delegations legislate for the whole empire—the army, navy, diplomatic service, etc. Bills are proposed by the ministers, and if the bills are rejected the ministers resign.

Belgium has a parliament composed of the senate and the chamber of representatives. To be a senator one must have attained the age of forty years and pay a tax of at least 2,116 francs yearly. In those provinces where the list of citizens paying this sum does not reach to the proportion of one in 6,000 of the population, the names of those citizens are added who pay the largest amount of direct taxes, so as to bring the number up to the required portion. The effect, however, is to place the right to sit in the senate solely within reach of the rich.

In Italy the chamber of deputies consists of 508 members, elected from the people, all citizens of twenty-one years who can read and write, and who have paid taxes to the amount of nineteen lire, being voters. The senate consists of an unlimited number of like members, nominated by the king. They must be above forty years of age, and must have attained a certain degree of eminence in the service of the state or the church or in the professions. Besides these, the princes of the royal family who are twenty years of age are senators by right of birth, and deputies who have sat in three parliaments, as well as all persons who have for three years paid taxes annually to the amount of 3,000 lire, are eligible. Neither senators nor deputies are paid salaries, but they are entitled to free passes over all the railways in the kingdom.

The new Japanese parliament, Mr. Smith points out, is quite similar to the Italian. Power rests almost entirely in the hands of the emperor, since he has the appointment of the members of the senate, who sit for life, and while the house of representatives is elected by the people all elections must be approved by the sovereign. Eligible candidates must have paid income tax for three years and direct tax of at least fifteen dollars a year.

Every nation in Europe, Russia alone excepted, has a parliament of two houses, the upper branch or senate being partly or wholly within control of the sovereign and the nobility, while the lower branch is generally controlled by the wealthy citizens.

WALTER WELLMAN.

## BLOWN TO ATOMS.

MEN LITERALLY TORN TO PIECES BY THE DISCHARGE OF BROADSIDES

From Insurgent Vessels—Rebel Ships Compel the Government Vessels to Return to the Harbor—Startling Advances from Valparaiso—A Fierce Fight on the Water.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 2.—Private advices from Valparaiso state that the ironclad Blanco, belonging to the insurgents, recently attempted to blow up the armed government tug Florence with a fish torpedo. The aim was too low. The torpedo missed the tug, but struck a big floating dry dock in the harbor, blowing it to pieces. The Blanco was thereupon treated to a hot fire of shot and shell from every gun in the forts, and steamed out of the harbor. The same night a torpedo boat and the tug Florence stole out to attack the Blanco. The ironclad was not alone, being in company with the sloop of war O'Higgins. Both ships compelled the government vessels to return to the harbor and followed in hot pursuit. A heavy shell from the Blanco struck the Florence, blowing her entirely out of the water, and every one of her crew of seventeen men was either killed or drowned. A broadside from the O'Higgins knocked the torpedo boat all to pieces. The two insurgent vessels then turned their attention to the forts and a lively battle ensued. A shell from the forts struck the O'Higgins and went clear through her. Another shell caused a gun on the quarter deck to explode. When the smoke cleared away the deck was found to have been literally torn out of the vessel and nine men out of the gun's crew of twelve were blown to atoms. The sloop was at once taken out of the range of the guns in the forts.

## FIVE ITALIANS RELEASED.

This Disposes of the Nineteen Accused of Hennessy's Murder.

NEW ORLEANS, April 2.—The five Italians confined in the parish prison charged with the assassination of Chief of Police Hennessy, and who escaped the fury of the mob on March 14, were released on Tuesday on bonds. The prisoners are John Caruso, Charles Pietzo, Charles Hattorno, Salvatore Sanzeri and Pietro Natali, the last two Italian subjects, the others naturalized. Natali was released on his own bond and the others on \$2,500 bonds, which were furnished by fellow-citizens of theirs here. The case against the prisoners was known in the court as the state against Pietro Natali, who was supposed to be one of the principals to it. It was shown upon the trial, however, that he had nothing to do with it, and was not even in New Orleans at the time the shooting occurred. No objection was raised by the district attorney to the bonding and release of the prisoners. It is doubtful if they are ever brought to trial, for the evidence in the original trial, which would probably be the same in the new one, showed very little against the men released. Sanzeri and Natali were identified by one witness as having been seen coming from the scene of the murder with guns, but this evidence was disproved by other witnesses. This disposes of all of the nineteen Italians charged with the murder of Hennessy. Nine were shot to death, to be lynched, nine released after a verdict of not guilty, four on bond and one on his own recognizance. It is thought that this is the end of the case as far as the murder trial is concerned, but the grand jury is still investigating the alleged bribery of the jury and the attack on the parish prison.

## Cigar Store Burglarized.

CINCINNATI, O., April 2.—Burglars entered Charles Robinson's cigar store, at 265 Vine street, yesterday. A 15-year-old boy named Albert Midgeley, who has been in the habit of sleeping there, was awakened by the noise and screamed for help. One of the robbers attacked the lad with a large chisel, crushing his skull. Two policemen heard Midgeley's cries and ran to his assistance, but the assailants had disappeared. The physicians say he will probably die.

## An Old Soldier Commits Suicide.

TROY, O., April 2.—Walter Irwin, living about four miles west of here, committed suicide by shooting himself with a rifle. He left the house with his gun, telling his young son he was going out to shoot rats. He went into an out house, and, placing the muzzle of the gun against his forehead, fired the fatal shot. He was a soldier, and a short time ago was granted a pension with \$600 back pay. No cause is assigned.

## NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD.

Mrs. James R. McKee, daughter of President Harrison, was given an elegant breakfast and a dinner by Boston ladies. A bill was introduced in the Illinois legislature that women only shall sit on coroner's juries in any case of a woman's death.

At a colored school exhibition near Liberty, Miss., an unknown miscreant thrust a shotgun through a window and fired, wounding fourteen persons.

The Clitheroe case in England, in which a Mr. Jackson was compelled to set free his wife after abducting her, will be carried to the house of lords.

Representatives of all the German steamship lines, in session at Dusseldorf, have decided to raise the steamer fare to America about \$2.50, beginning May 1.

As a reply to the recent decision of lake vessel owners not to open navigation until May 1, Chicago lumbermen met, and, by resolution, demanded that all steam craft there be ready to leave port.

The Spanish government is making preparations on a vast scale for the Columbus celebration. The Duke of Veragua, a descendant of Columbus, will be present and receive honors next to those of royalty.

The Minnesota senate has adopted the judiciary committee's substitute for three bills to purify elections. It limits the amount of expenditures and discriminates between legitimate and illegitimate expenses.

The City of Detroit, the largest and finest passenger steamer on the great lakes, went on a rock and sank in the Detroit river with 125 tons of freight. The passengers were landed before they knew anything was the matter.

Chicago's millionaire, Orin W. Potter, and others, have been sued for \$100,000 damages by Eugene Dunnivant, a former newsboy. The young man alleges that he was sent to the penitentiary for four years on a trumped-up charge in order to break off the acquaintance between him and a daughter of Mr. Potter.

## A Little Girl's Experience in a Light House.

Mr. and Mrs. Loren Trescott are keepers of the government lighthouse at Sand Beach, Mich., and are blessed with a daughter, 4 years old. Last April she was taken down with measles, followed with a dreadful cough and turning into a fever. Doctors at home and at Detroit treated her, but in vain; she grew worse rapidly until she was a mere "bundle of bones." Then she tried Dr. King's New Discovery and after the use of two and a half bottles was completely cured. They say Dr. King's New Discovery is worth its weight in gold yet you may get a free trial bottle at Z. T. Baltzy's Drug store.

## The First Step.

Perhaps you are run down, can't eat, can't sleep, can't think, can't do anything to your satisfaction, and you wonder what ails you. You should heed the warning, you are taking the first step into Nervous Prostration. You need a Nerve Tonic and in Electric Bitters you will find the exact remedy for restoring your nervous system to its normal, healthy condition. Surprising results follow the use of this great Nerve Tonic and Alterative. Your appetite returns, good digestion is restored, and the Liver and Kidneys resume healthy action. Try a bottle. Price 50 cents at Z. T. Baltzy's drug store.

## In Cleaning House.

She discovered that considerable valuable furniture had been scratched and marred. She was not cast down, but went forthwith to the Independent Co. for a bottle of Balfour's Furniture Polish, which quickly made the damaged articles as good as new.

The following item has been going the rounds of the press, and as our druggist, Morgenthaler & Heister, handle the goods, it may interest our readers:

Having had occasion to use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, it gives me pleasure to state that I found it to be the best medicine for a cough I ever used; in fact, it cured me of a cough that had baffled several other cough medicines.—N. R. Burnett, Atalissa Iowa.

## BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Z. T. Baltzy.

## Sickness Among Children.

Especially infants, is prevalent more or less at all times, but is largely avoided by giving proper nourishment and wholesome food. The most successful and reliable of all is the Gail Borden "Eagle" Brand Condensed Milk. Your grocer keeps it.

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He buys those that cost him least; he can get the regular price for them; and the faster they break the more he sells. That's how he reasons.

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Do you know that a little cough is a dangerous thing? Are you aware that it often fastens on the lungs and far too often runs into Consumption and ends in Death? People suffering from Asthma, Bronchitis, Pneumonia and Consumption will all tell you that

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